Threats to diadromous fish at sea



Sophie Elliott and Dylan Roberts

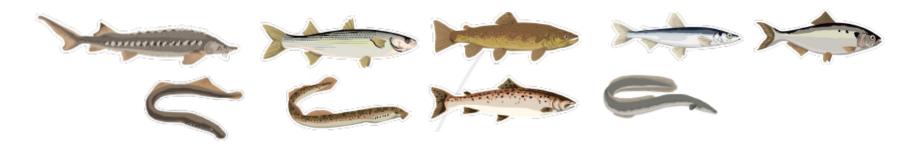


Time at sea

• Lots known about freshwater but little about marine stage...

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•	Critically Endang
EN	Endangered
VU	Vulnerable
NT	Near Threatened
0	Least Concern
00	Data Deficient

Species	Freshwater		Marine		IUCN status
European eel	5-20 years			~4 years	CR
Atlantic salmon	lantic salmon 1-6 years		1-4 years		VU
Trout	1-7 years			1-3 years	DD
Shad	1-3 years		2-7 years		DD
Sturgeon	~1 year			10 years	CR





Monitoring at sea – poor!

- At sea ~2% of fishing vessels (mainly demersal, salmon = pelagic).
- Onshore diadromous fish miss-identification/reporting.
- Logbooks under-reporting.



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- International Council for Exploration of the Sea (ICES) Working
 Group on Bycatch of Protected Species (WGBYC) Atlantic
 salmon & European eel not included.



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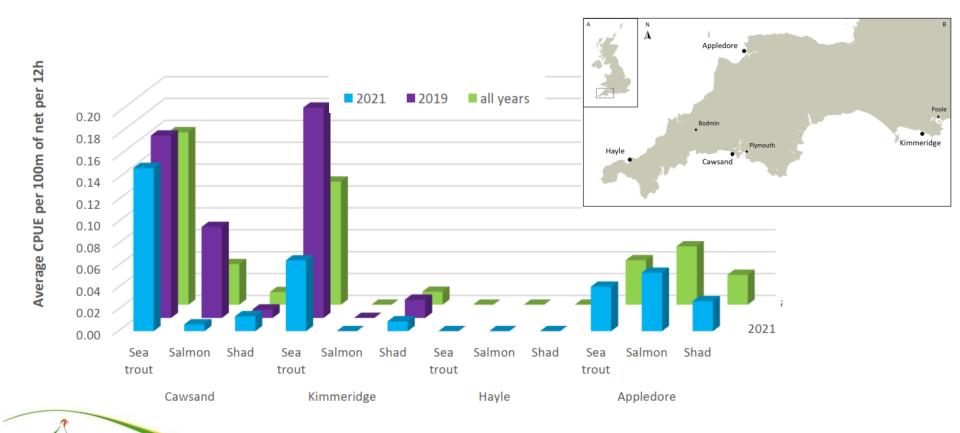
Vessel size: ≤10m, >10m

MMO annual fisheries statistics – little on <10m vessels.



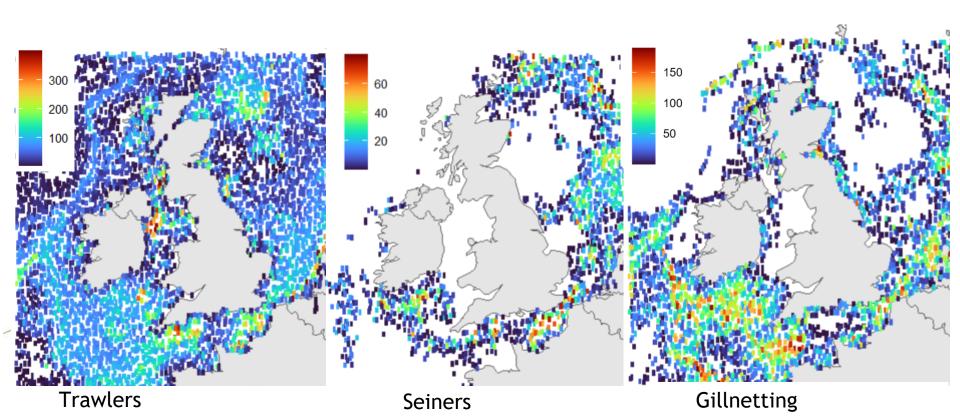
Bycatch risk

- Mainly from **gillnets** and **pelagic** vessels.
- No UK bycatch risk assessment exists to date.



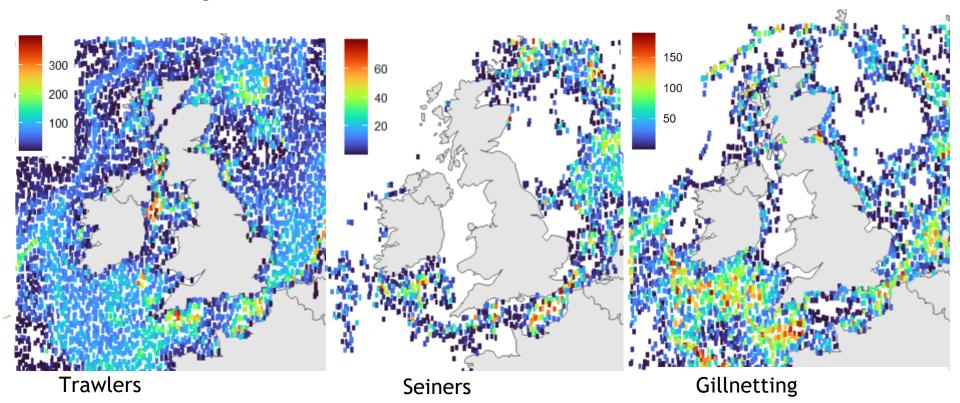
Bycatch risk

Global Fishing Watch effort data



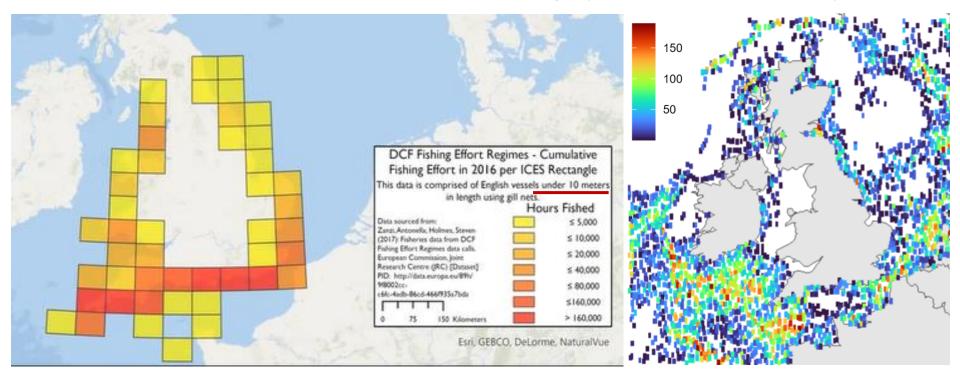
Bycatch risk

- Global Fishing Watch effort data
 - Unable to distinguish gear categories well.
 - Unable to identify vessels <12m well.
 - >80% of English vessels = <10m.



Bycatch risk: Need for fine-scale data

• Inaccessible fine-scale Vessel Monitoring System Data owned by DEFRA.



Gillnetting



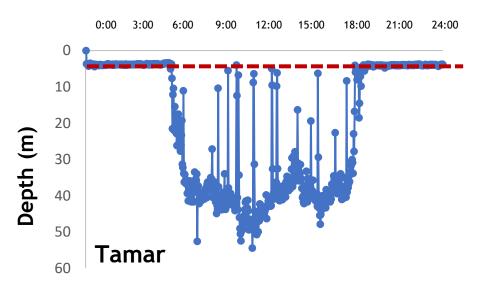
Bycatch risk: gillnetting bylaws ineffective

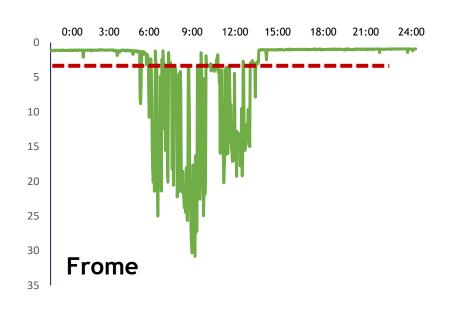
• 3-5m min depth gillnetting legal requirement.



Bycatch risk: gillnetting bylaws ineffective

- 3-5m min depth gillnetting legal requirement.
- Salmonids dive deeper.







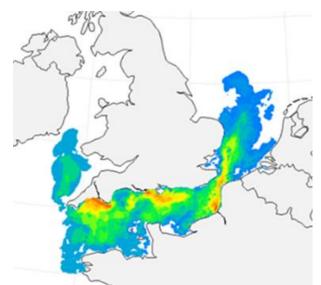
- Protection and management:
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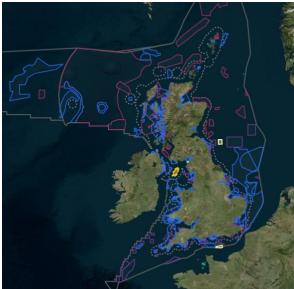


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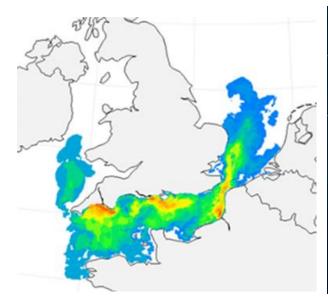
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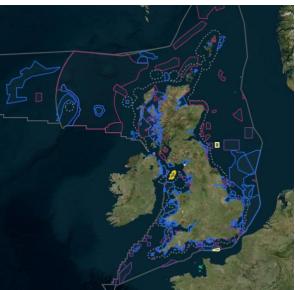






- Protection and management:
 - Diadromous fish need to be recognised as freshwater & marine species.
 - Accounted for in marine management plans including Marine Protected Areas.
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 - Avoid gillnetting in estuarian & surrounding areas that connect to natal rivers.





- Protection and management:
 - Need for increased onshore monitoring.



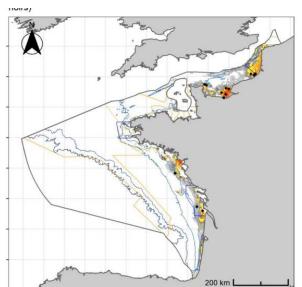
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Marine traffic: 24th April 2022





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 - Need for diadromous fish bycatch risk analysis.

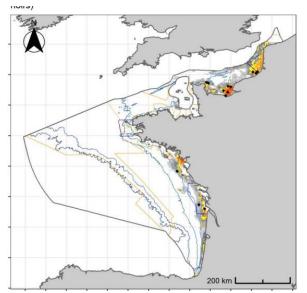


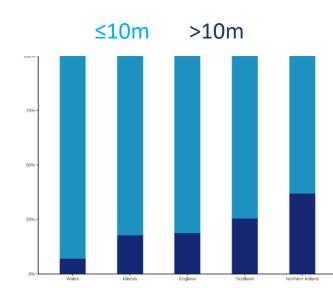




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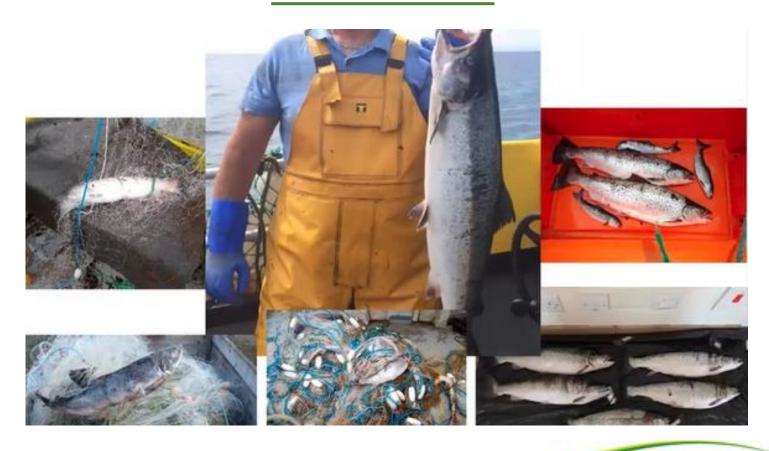
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- Scale up the onboard observations for bycatch (inshore & offshore).
- Need for diadromous fish bycatch risk analysis.
- Need to include inshore fishing in MMO annual fisheries statistics.







Thank you!



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